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5 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
6
7 FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
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9 MANUEL EUGENE SHOTWELL,

No. C 15-2894 WHA (PR)

10 Plaintiff,

ORDER ON PENDING MOTIONS

11 v.

12 CHAVEZ-EPPERSON; AVILA;
13 BEYER; BOLES; MEDINA;
14 VARGAS,

(Dkt. 48, 49, 53, 57, 60, 62)

15 Defendants.
_____ /

16 Good cause appearing, Plaintiff's motion for an extension of time is **GRANTED** to and
17 including **May 29, 2017**, in which to file an opposition to defendants' motion to dismiss.
18 Defendants **shall** file a reply brief within **14 days** of the date this order is filed. No further
19 extensions of time will be allowed.

20 Plaintiff's motion for appointment of counsel is **DENIED**. There is no right to counsel in
21 a civil case, plaintiff is able to present his claims on his own, he has been granted generous time
22 extensions to oppose defendants' motion, and there are no circumstances of this case that
23 require plaintiff to have counsel. Should such circumstances arise, counsel will be appointed to
24 represent plaintiff without plaintiff needing to request such appointment again.

25 Plaintiff has filed a motion to amend the amount of money requested for damages in his
26 complaint. This motion is **DENIED** without prejudice. Plaintiff may amend his request for
27 damages based upon any claims remaining after the motion to dismiss is resolved by filing a
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1 motion for leave to file an amended complaint.

2 Plaintiff has also filed a motion for reconsideration of the Order of Service. In the
3 Northern District of California, Local Rule 7-9 allows for the filing of motions for
4 reconsideration only with respect to interlocutory orders made in a case prior to the entry of
5 final judgment. Civil L.R. 7-9(a). No pre-judgment motion for reconsideration under Local
6 Rule 7-9 may be brought without leave of court. *Id.* The moving party must specifically show:
7 (1) that at the time of the motion for leave, a material difference in fact or law exists from that
8 which was presented to the court before entry of the interlocutory order for which the
9 reconsideration is sought, and that in the exercise of reasonable diligence the party applying for
10 reconsideration did not know such fact or law at the time of the interlocutory order; or (2) the
11 emergence of new material facts or a change of law occurring after the time of such order; or (3)
12 a manifest failure by the court to consider material facts which were presented to the court
13 before such interlocutory order. *Id.* 7-9(b). Unless otherwise ordered by the court, no response
14 need be filed to a motion under the Local Rule. *Id.* 7-9(c).

15 Plaintiff's motion for reconsideration violates Local Rule 7-9(a) because he has not
16 sought or obtained leave of court to file such a motion. Nor does there appear from the motion
17 to be grounds for granting him such leave. He argues his conspiracy claim was wrongly
18 dismissed for failure to state a claim. His motion neither alleges material facts undiscoverable
19 with due diligence nor sets forth legal authority undermining the finding that his conspiracy
20 allegations are conclusory and insufficient. Plaintiff may raise any other challenges to the
21 Order of Service in his opposition to the motion to dismiss, and defendants may respond to such
22 challenges in their reply brief. The motion for reconsideration is **DENIED**.

23 The clerk shall **TERMINATE** the motion to compel in light of plaintiff's stipulation to
24 withdrawing the motion.

25 **IT IS SO ORDERED.**

26 Dated: May 2, 2017.

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28 WILLIAM ALSUP
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE